

The Diverse Income Trust plc

Objective

To provide shareholders with an attractive and growing level of dividends coupled with capital growth over the long term.

Awards and ratings



Ratings are not a recommendation. Please see page 4 for further information.

Key facts

Net assets	£277.8m
Shares in issue	318,540,642
Share price	82.00p
NAV	87.22p
Premium/(Discount)	(5.98)%
No. of holdings	123
Domicile	United Kingdom
Launch date	28 Apr 2011
Reporting dates	Final - 31 May Interim - 30 Nov
ISA eligible	Yes
AIC sector	UK Equity Income

Performance comparators

UK Equity Income sector
 Deutsche Numis All-Share Index
 Deutsche Numis Smaller Companies + AIM
 (ex ICs)

Trust managers



Gervais Williams
 Joined Premier Miton
Mar 2011
 Manager since
Apr 2011



Martin Turner
 Joined Premier Miton
May 2011
 Manager since
May 2011

Directors

Andrew Bell (Chairman),
 Charles Crole,
 Caroline Kemsley-Pein,
 Michelle McGrade,
 Calum Thomson

Fund codes

ISIN	GB00B65TLW28
SEDOL	B65TLW2
Bloomberg	DIVI LN

Manager commentary

During the globalisation decades, the capital appreciation of companies focussed on growth has greatly outpaced the return generated by companies paying good and growing dividends.

This has been especially apparent in the small companies listed on the UK stock exchange that pay an income. As capital has been withdrawn from the large UK companies, their valuations have fallen, although this has been moderated by international buyers. Where capital is withdrawn from small UK companies however, they are of little interest to international investors and hence their valuations can fall very considerably.

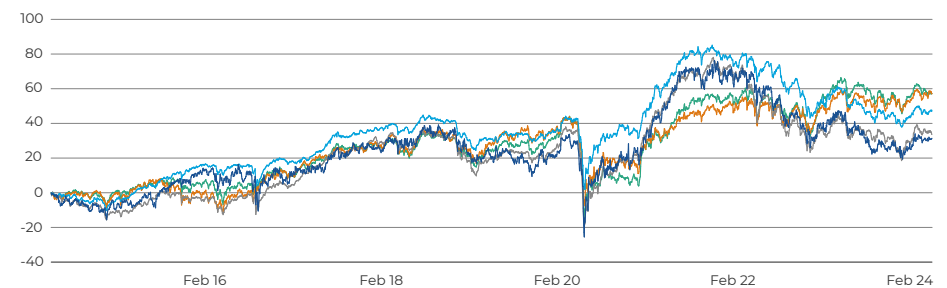
Over recent years, the compromises that come with globalisation have become more apparent. Global electorates have started to vote for nationalistic policies, which sometimes lead to additional geopolitical risk (the potential political, economic, military, and social risks that can emerge from a nation's involvement in international affairs). During crises, we believe cash generative companies have many advantages.

Whilst the very largest international companies known as mega-caps may have outperformed again during 2023, the mood change in electorates appears to be well established, so conditions that favour cash generative companies such as those of the UK may be set to become persistent. In time, we believe the valuation of the UK stock market will rise compared with others, even the US. We also anticipate the new trend will favour the small UK-quoted companies disproportionately.

So, whilst we believe the share prices of many portfolio holdings are very overlooked at present, the important feature is that most continue to trade well. Take ME Group International for example. It's a business that installs large capacity washers and dryers in supermarket car parks, that are increasingly useful to households that let out rooms or annexes on airbnb. During February, ME Group International announced good figures and increased its final dividend from 3.0p last year to 4.42p this year, which prompted a step up in its share price.

Gervais Williams & Martin Turner
 29.02.2024

Performance over 10 years (%)



Cumulative performance (%)	1m	3m	1y	3y	5y	10y
Share price	0.00	4.51	-7.00	-11.18	10.78	33.55
NAV	-0.06	3.04	-6.72	-8.17	13.44	49.59
UK Equity Income sector	-1.54	1.60	-4.10	19.80	27.24	56.87
Deutsche Numis All-Share Index	0.10	3.28	0.35	19.60	24.56	58.45
Deutsche Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	-2.19	4.47	-5.80	-11.61	11.92	33.73

Calendar year performance (%)	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	YTD
Share price	6.94	8.60	19.49	-16.82	-5.68	0.00
NAV	12.51	7.57	15.78	-13.39	-2.56	-1.51
UK Equity Income sector	22.53	-7.84	18.67	0.08	3.91	-3.22
Deutsche Numis All-Share Index	18.83	-7.88	17.07	-2.54	7.82	-1.38
Deutsche Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	22.16	4.93	20.03	-21.93	3.21	-3.75

Discrete annual performance (%)	28.02.19 28.02.20	28.02.20 26.02.21	26.02.21 28.02.22	28.02.22 28.02.23	28.02.23 29.02.24
Share price	-5.79	32.40	8.26	-11.78	-7.00
NAV	-0.67	24.36	7.07	-8.05	-6.72
UK Equity Income sector	0.13	6.07	16.04	7.65	-4.10
Deutsche Numis All-Share Index	-2.09	6.37	12.71	5.74	0.35
Deutsche Numis Smaller Companies + AIM (ex ICs)	1.40	24.88	1.48	-7.54	-5.80

Source of performance data: Morningstar, as at 29.02.2024, net income reinvested, bid to bid basis, Index on a total return basis. ©2024 Morningstar. All Rights Reserved. The information contained herein; is proprietary to Morningstar and/or its content providers; may not be copied or redistributed; and is not warranted to be accurate, complete or timely. Neither Morningstar nor its content providers are responsible for any damages or losses arising from any use of this information.

Key risks: The value of investments may fluctuate which will cause fund prices to fall as well as rise and investors may not get the original amount invested. The performance information presented on this page relates to the past. Past performance is not a reliable indicator of future returns. Reference to any stock or fund is not a recommendation for investment purposes. More information about the risks of investment is provided later in this document.

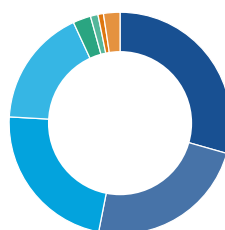


Portfolio breakdown

Top 20 holdings (%)

XPS Pensions Group	2.9
TP ICAP Group	2.4
Galliford Try Holdings	2.4
Paypoint	2.1
CMC Markets	2.0
Man Group	1.9
Legal & General Group	1.8
Pan African Resources	1.8
Kenmare Resources	1.8
Tesco	1.8
Just Group	1.8
Aviva	1.8
Sabre Insurance Group	1.8
Phoenix Group Holdings	1.7
Savannah Energy	1.6
Plus500	1.5
BT Group	1.5
Sainsbury (J)	1.5
Mears Group	1.5
Admiral Group	1.5

Index weighting (%)



■ FTSE AIM	29.4
■ FTSE 100	23.7
■ FTSE Small Cap	22.8
■ FTSE 250	17.2
■ UK-listed non-indexed shares	2.6
■ FTSE Fledgling	1.1
■ Other	0.8
■ Cash	2.4

Income

Historic yield 5.00%

The historic yield reflects the distributions declared over the past twelve months as a percentage of the trust price as at the date shown. It does not include any preliminary charge and investors may be subject to tax on their distributions.

The yield is not guaranteed and will fluctuate.

Revenue reserve 4.53p per share*
as at 31.05.2022

*Before final dividend declared for the year

Expected payment dates Feb, May, Aug, Nov

Income distribution (pence per share)

Total income distributions in each of the trust's last 6 financial years.

	1st Interim	2nd Interim	3rd Interim	Final	Total
2024	1.00p	1.00p	-	-	2.00p
2023	0.95p	0.95p	0.95p	1.20p	4.05p
2022	0.90p	0.90p	0.90p	1.20p	3.90p
2021	0.85p	0.90p	0.90p	1.10p	3.75p
2020	0.85p	0.90p	0.90p	1.05p	3.70p
2019	0.80p	0.85p	0.90p	1.26p	3.81p

Charges

Ongoing charges figure (OCF) 1.09%
as at 31.05.2023

The ongoing charges figure (OCF) is not the same as the ongoing costs figure set out in the Company's Key Information Document. The key differences are that gearing costs and portfolio transaction costs are not included in the OCF. In addition costs are calculated on slightly different bases. The OCF figure set out above mirrors that in the Report and Accounts and is based on costs incurred in the year which are likely to recur in the foreseeable future. The ongoing costs figures in the Key Information Document provide investors with the impact costs have had on returns averaged over the five year recommended holding period.

*Management fee on market capitalisation

Fund management fees are tiered and calculated based on the share price, so may vary in each year. With effect from 1 August 2019, the Manager received a management fee of 0.9% per annum on the adjusted market capitalisation of the trust up to £300m, 0.8% per annum on the average market capitalisation between £300 and £500m and then 0.7% per annum on the average market capitalisation above £500m.



General risks

All types of investment carry a degree of risk. It is possible you could lose some, or all, of the money you invest. The level of risk varies depending on the type of investment.

Typically, you are less likely to lose money over the long term from an investment that is considered low risk, although potential returns may also be lower. Investments considered higher risk typically offer greater opportunities for better long-term returns, though the risk of losing money is also likely to be higher.

When you invest, it is important that you understand the risk to your money and are comfortable with that level of risk. If you are unsure, we would recommend that you consult a financial adviser.

Past performance of an investment is not an indication of how it will perform in the future. The value of your investment and any income generated by your investment can go down as well as up, and you could get back less than you invested.

The value of your investment might not keep up with any rise in the cost of living.

You could lose money if financial markets fall.

There is no guarantee that the investment objective of the trust will be achieved.

The levels of taxation that apply to income or capital gains from the trust, including any tax relief that may be available, will depend on your personal tax situation.

Trusts with similar objectives may not perform in the same way as they are likely to have different holdings or hold different amounts of the same investment.

Performance will be affected by investment decisions made by the fund managers.

Other risks

Some of the main specific risks of investing in this trust are summarised here.

Derivative

A contract whose value is based on the change in price of a specific asset or index. When derivatives are used within a trust, it doesn't necessarily increase risk. However, price changes in the underlying asset can translate into big swings in the value of derivatives (up and down), which has a direct effect on the value of the trust.

Dividends

In certain market conditions companies may reduce or even suspend paying dividends until conditions improve. This will impact the level of income distributed by the Trust.

Equities

Equities (shares) can experience high levels of price fluctuation.

Geographic concentration

Trusts that have a strong focus on a particular country or region can carry a higher risk than trusts with a more diversified portfolio.

Hedging

A hedge is designed to offset the risk of another investment falling in price. It can also act as a limit on potential gains if the investment that has been hedged increases in value.

Inflation

Higher inflation can lead to some investments falling in value, particularly those with a fixed level of interest, for example government bonds and corporate bonds.

Infrastructure

Investments are often in large-scale projects whose profitability can be affected by supply problems or rising prices for raw materials or natural resources. Changes in the wider economy and government regulation can also have a significant influence.

Interest rate

Changes in central bank interest rates can affect all types of assets, in particular, securities such as government bonds and corporate bonds that generally offer a fixed level of interest. If interest rates go up, the value of a bond may fall, and vice versa.

Legal and tax

The income or capital gains from investments can sometimes be affected by changes in legal and tax regulations or how these rules are applied.

Liquidity

In some instances, for example, when market conditions generally are difficult, holdings in a trust may be difficult to sell and buy at the

desired price. The trust value could fall as a result.

Operational

Processes, systems and controls around your investment might fail. The more complex or unusual the investments that the trust holds, the more likely this is to happen. For example, developing markets may have less reliable systems or lower standards of governance than more developed markets.

Property and Real Estate Investment Trusts

Property values can rise and fall sharply depending on the strength of a country's economy.

Put-options

A type of derivative. Put-options can be used for a number of reasons. For example, they can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in value. They can be thought of as an insurance policy. These can make a trust more volatile from time to time.

Smaller companies

Investment in smaller companies is typically higher risk than investment in larger companies. Shares in smaller companies can experience greater levels of volatility.



Ratings, awards and other information

The methodology and calculations used by the third parties providing the ratings/awards are not verified by Premier Miton Investors and we are unable to accept

responsibility for their accuracy, nor should they be relied upon for making an investment decision.

Glossary

Annual management charge (AMC)

The yearly fee paid to Premier Miton for managing a trust, expressed as a percentage of your investment. The AMC does not typically change from year to year.

Assets

Different groups of investments such as company shares, bonds, commodities or property.

Bonds (or fixed income)

Types of investments that allow investors to loan money to governments and companies, usually in return for a regular fixed level of interest until the bond's maturity date, plus the return of the original value of the bond at the maturity date. The price of bonds will vary and the investment terms of bonds will also vary.

Capital

Describes financial assets, particularly cash, or other assets, such as shares, owned by a person or organisation.

Capital growth

The increase in the value of an asset or investment over time, measured by its current value compared to its purchase cost.

Collective Investment Schemes

A generic term for investment funds with more than one investor, such as unit trusts, Open Ended Investment Schemes (OEICs) and investment trusts.

Discount

The shares of investment trusts can have a price below the value of their net assets, this difference is known as the discount. The shares can also be at a premium to their net assets.

Dividends

The portion of its capital that a company chooses to return to its shareholders. For a

trust, this is the payment of trust's income to its shareholders.

Equities

Another name for shares (or stock) in a company.

FTSE 100 Put Option

A type of derivative contract in which the underlying value is based on the level of the FTSE 100 index which tracks the performance of the top 100 largest companies by market value listed on the London Stock Exchange. Such contracts can be used to protect the value of an underlying investment or group of investments against a fall in the value of those 100 largest companies and can be thought of as an insurance policy.

Gearing

The level of a company's debt in relation to its capital. A company with significant debt compared to its capital is considered to be highly geared.

Individual Savings Account (ISA)

A type of tax-free scheme, set up by the government, designed to help people make the most of their savings and investments. All income and gains from an ISA investment are exempt from UK Income Tax and Capital Gains Tax. HM Revenue and Customs sets the maximum amounts that you are allowed to invest into an ISA each tax year.

Micro-Cap

A company with a market capitalisation (the total value of all a company's shares) of below £250 million.

Multi-Cap

A type of equity fund or investment trust that invests in companies across all market capitalisations (the market capitalisation is the total value of all a company's shares).

Net Asset Value (NAV)

The total of a company's assets minus its liabilities. The net asset value per share is the total of a company's assets minus its liabilities divided by the number of shares in issue.

Ongoing Charges Figure (OCF)

As recommended by the Association of Investment Companies in its guidance, ongoing charges are the Company's annualised revenue and capital expenses (excluding finance costs and certain non-recurring items) expressed as a percentage of the average monthly net assets of the Company during the year. Please note this figure is different to what is stated in the PRIIPS KID.

Revenue reserve

An investment trust has to pay a minimum of 85% of the income it receives each financial year to shareholders, usually via a dividend. Up to 15% can be retained in a revenue reserve account to be paid in the future.

Total return

A way of showing how an investment has performed, and is made-up of the capital appreciation or depreciation by the investment. Measured over a set period, it is expressed as a percentage of the value of the investment at the start of that period.

Share price yield

The dividend per share divided by the stock's or fund's price per share and expressed as a percentage. The historic yield is the dividend income distributed during the past year and expressed as a percentage of the share price on a particular day.

Corporate contacts

Investment Manager

Premier Fund Managers Limited
Eastgate Court
High Street
Guildford
Surrey
GU1 3DE

☎ 01483 306 090

✉ investorservices@premiermiton.com

Secretary and Registered Office

Link Group
Broadwalk House
Southernhay West
Exeter
EX1 1TS

☎ 01392 477 500

Registrar and Transfer Office

Link Group
Central Square
29 Wellington Street
Leeds
LS1 4DL

☎ 0871 664 0300

✉ shareholder.services@linkgroup.co.uk

Contact us

From 9:00am to 5:30pm, Monday to Friday, excluding bank holidays.

☎ 0333 456 4560

✉ contactus@premiermiton.com

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Reference to any particular stock or fund does not constitute a recommendation to buy or sell the stock or fund. Persons who do not have professional experience in matters relating to investments should not rely on the content of this document. We are unable to give financial advice. If you are unsure about the content contained within/suitability of the funds mentioned, please speak to a financial adviser. All data is sourced to Premier Miton unless otherwise stated.

A free, English language copy of the trust's full prospectus, the Key Information Document and Pre-investment Disclosure Document are available on the Premier Miton website, or you can request copies by calling us on 01483 306090.

For your protection, calls may be monitored and recorded for training and quality assurance purposes.

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